

Weekly Market Insight

Friday, 22nd November 2019

Spot market folk wisdom has it that during the fourth quarter of the trading year is where the most profitable month should lay. Digging into Baltic Dry Index data of the last thirty-four years, this old adage can be proved. With an average value of 1994 and 2000 points respectively, November and December are the most fruitful months of the dry bulk trading year, considerably outperform all other months. Increased winter needs in the northern hemisphere, large crops from the Black Sea and the US, last minute iron ore and coal "Christmas shopping" and Chinese Holidays during the first quarter seem to have a bearing on this long-held seasonal pattern.



However, seasonality in many cases can be a quite dynamic process, ever changing through time. Among various reasons, grain producers and miners are constantly trying to reduce their income and expenses volatility in order to make more accurate projections. With extended multiple crops, improved storage facilities and more efficient inland and sea transportations, they have managed in recent years to smooth things out considerably. Additionally, on a macro level, large consumer nations such as China and India have a clear motive to spread out their orders, avoiding paying significant premia on last-minute forced imports. Setting aside the supply and demand macro dynamics, regulations are playing an important role in international trade. Being the swing factor of the dry bulk sector balances, Chinese imports dictate when the market is going to peak or trough. In particular, during the last three years, Beijing's preference of being well stocked ahead of the winter led the Baltic Dry Index to peak in the third quarter and to soften in the following months. Reduced coal imports during the last two trading months of the year can be seen as the most indicative example of the aforementioned.



Baltic Indices appeared to be indecisive during the 47th week as to whether they should follow the pattern of the recent past or to remember the old good axiom.

Freight market 120yrs ago (page 11): "The continued decline in rates is beginning to give cause for considerable anxiety, and especially to those owners who have caught it prudent to supplement their fleets with costly boats..."

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Dry Cargo Spot Market

With midsize segments correcting upwards, some doses of optimism were injected in the market. However, the negative tone in the Capesize sub-market didn't let the general index move higher. Against these developments, the Baltic Dry Index moved down, concluding at 1284 points. With a 5.4% weekly decrease, the Baltic Capesize Index lost last Friday's levels, ending at 2493 points. Trending mildly upwards, the Baltic Panamax Index balanced at 1129 points on this week closing, or up 1% W-o-W. Following Panamaxes higher, the Baltic Supramax Index lay at 747 points, or some 30 points above intra-week lows. Being for nine consecutive weeks under pressure, the Baltic Handysize finished below the 500-point mark for the first time during the last four months.

At the box office, setting aside the Handysize ROCE, the after depreciation returns on capital employed of all bulkers kept hovering above zero, with those of Panamax and Supramax just a few basis points afloat. In particular, Capesize ROCE lingered at 5.5% and Panamax ROCE at 0.1%. Without meaningful changes, Supramax ROCE reported marginal weekly gains at 0.6%. On the contrary, Handy ROCE slid below zero, balancing at -0.2%.



	Baltic Freight Indices										
Date	BDI	BCI 5TC	BPI - TCA	BSI - TCA	BHSI - TCA						
18-Nov-19	1338	\$20,630	\$8,924	\$8,168	\$7,346						
19-Nov-19	1304	\$19,814	\$8,962	\$8,096	\$7,269						
20-Nov-19			\$9,051	\$8,138	\$7,211						
21-Nov-19	21-Nov-19 1255		\$9,066	\$8,300	\$7,193						
22-Nov-19	1284	\$18,930	\$9,068	\$8,497	\$7,178						
12-month High	2518	\$38,014	\$18,116	\$15,233	\$10,067						
12-month Low	J. J		\$4,435	\$4,837	\$4,198						
12-month Avg	1341	\$17,490	\$11,226	\$10,132	\$7,347						
Avg. Cal 2018	1353	\$16,529	\$11,609	\$11,437	\$8,700						
Avg. Cal 2017	1145	\$15,129	\$9,766	\$9,168	\$7,636						

*Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) is the ratio of net operating profit of an investment to its capital employed. It measures the profitability of an investment by expressing its operating profit as a percentage of its capital employed. In other words, ROCE assesses how much profit an investment earns on every dollar employed.



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Losing \$2,000 during the last five days, the **Capesize** Baltic TCA closed at \$18,930 daily, sliding below the \$20,000-mark. Indicative of the steep fall of the last period was the fact that this index had touched \$38,000 two and a half months ago.

Rising when signs of improvement rise up between the two largest economies and falling when aggression steams from their noses, the AUD currency has become something of a good proxy for sentiment on U.S.-China trade talks. Lately, an upward trend has been noticed on the Australian currency, as currency markets reacted to words of optimism from China on ongoing trade talks with the U.S. With the vast majority of Australian iron ore exports heading towards China and with close trading ties with the US, Australia cannot lean into one over the other. In spite of the latest sentiment improvement, 'Cautiously Optimistic' is still what best describes each small step the two rivals take. In the spot market, the benchmark of this basin, C5 Baltic Index, closed at a cool \$8.89 pmt, tick above last week's closing. For the most part of the week, Australia/Qingdao index was fixing at \$8.70 pmt for December dates. On T/C basis, C10_14 index (Trans-Pacific round voyage) outlook was mainly flat, losing some of its last week's steam, rounding up at \$22,717 daily, an approximate loss of \$500 W-o-W. 'Global Talent' (179,407 dwt, 2012) was reported at \$23,500 daily with prompt delivery Taiwan for a round trip via West Australia. On a similar note, C14 index (China/Brazil) ended tick lower than last week's level at \$18,227 daily. A rushed drop on the early side of the week stopped on Wednesday, as rates started to improve again.

In reference to the commodity news of the Atlantic, 'King Coal' made headlines for yet another week. In particular, the largest coal power plant in the western U.S shut down, sending shockwaves. The Navajo plant that once was serving close to 2 million houses now has turned its way over to low cost alternative resources. In the spot market, coal trading activity out of major export areas (Richards Bay and/or Puerto Bolivar) appears to be livelier. T/A coal trading (C4 and C7 indices) and front-haul coal rates (C15) have moved sideways this week. Great support was once again provided by the leading iron ore exports from Brazil. Resembling a U-shaped curve, C3 index concluded at \$19.03 pmt on this Friday's closing. On the other hand, on T/C basis, both iron ore T/A and F/haul indices did not perform likewise. Both C8_14 and C9_14 were under severe pressure, as no fresh enquiry came out this week. C8_14 index finished the week lower at \$16,625 daily, or with 23.47% weekly losses. Additionally, C9_14 index concluded at \$31,665 daily, or with a 10.93% loss W-o-W.

On period trading, Bunge was linked to 'XYG Fortune' (176,955 dwt, 2006), fixing at \$15,000 daily with 1st half December delivery Zhoushan for a period of 23 to 25 months trading worldwide.

Being under severe pressure for five consecutive weeks, **Panamax** segment shown some signs of relief this week, with the BPI average concluding marginally higher at \$9,068 daily. Although the fixing rates of this week were not materially higher than those of last week, overall market sentiment took a breather especially in the Pacific. However, it is worth mentioning that the ECSA sub market was singing in a wrong note.

In the Pacific, the main volume of fixing was concluded out of Australia, with the addition of a few more grain and coal stems out of the North Pacific to Singapore-Japan. The 'Samoa' (75,506 dwt, 2010) was reported with delivery Kunsan spot, for a trip via Nopac to Singapore-Japan range at \$8,000 with Oldendorff, and the 'Pan Viva' (75,026 dwt, 2010) was also fixed for a similar trip with delivery Kunsan 24th Nov at \$9,000 to NYK. An eco Kamsarmax was also rumored to have fixed for a long duration trip via Nopac to PG with grains in the high \$9K's. Pacific rounds from Australia loading, paid in the mid \$8K's for LME's basis delivery North China as was the case of 'Ocean Zenon' (76,596 dwt, 2007) which was fixed with delivery Dalian 21/22 Nov for a trip via EC Australia to Japan at \$8,500 with NS United. For a similar run, basis delivery South China, the 'Nord Penguin' (81,841 dwt, 2015) was heard to have fixed a trip with coal to China at \$10,000 daily. The scrubber fitted 'Star Maria' (82,598 dwt, 2007) achieved a healthy rate of \$11,250 daily basis spot delivery Hong Kong for a trip with bauxite via Weipa to China with Rio Tinto. Further south, demand from Indonesia to India remained thin, with the few available stems taking advantage of the plethora of candidates willing to reposition closer to ECSA. Charterers were bidding nice Kamsarmaxes well below \$9k basis delivery South China for trips to India. Messrs Tongli was reported to have fixed the 'Malakand' (76,830 dwt, 2004) with delivery Haimen 20/21Nov for a trip to Ec India at \$6,500. For a trip to South China the 'Wisdom Diva' (76,606dwt, 2009) was linked to Pacific Bulk with delivery aps South Africa 30 Nov for a trip with coal to India at \$12,000 plus 200,000 gbb.

In the Atlantic basin, rates for front haul runs and especially via ECSA came under further pressure, with Kamsarmaxes fixing below the \$14k and \$400k mark as was the case of 'Ormos' (81,650 dwt, 2019) which was fixed to Cargill with delivery aps Recalada 29 Nov and Singapore-Japan redelivery at \$13,750 plus \$375,000. Louis Dreyfus was linked with the 'Lucky Star' (76,662 dwt, 2002) with delivery aps ECSA Beg Dec for a trip to F.East at \$12,900 plus \$290,000 gbb. For a trip to Skaw-Gibraltar range Cargill also took the 'Tiger South' (76,255 dwt, 2013) with delivery aps Paranagua 5-10 Dec at \$9,500 daily. From USG the 'Alan' (81,712 dwt, 2012) with delivery aps USG was fixed to Bunge for a trip with grains to the Arabian Gulf at \$14,450 plus 445,000 gbb. The Baltic once again was the area providing the most decent rates in the North Atlantic whilst black sea trading was completely absent for yet another week. The 'RB Leah' (82,000 dwt, 2017) with delivery Flushing 25-27 Nov was fixed for a trip via Baltic and Med at \$11,750 daily and redelivery Gibraltar.

On the period front the 'Polymnia' (98,704 dwt, 2012) was reported with prompt delivery Taiwan for 11/13 months trading at \$11,000 to Cargill, and the 'Electra' (82,052 dwt, 2015) with delivery Cai Lan 20-25 Nov for 1 year period to Oldendorff at \$10,250.



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Reporting marginal increases, the Baltic **Supramax** Index returned to positivity, balancing at \$8,497 daily.

A quiet week ended in the Pacific, with market trending sideways across the board amidst rumors that thermal coal deals are being cancelled due to import restrictions in China. Nopac lacked momentum and only a few fresh grain stems hit the market, which proved insufficient to push rates up. The 'Desert Harrier' (60,447 dwt, 2017) fixed a trip via Nopac to Se.Asia with grains at \$9,250 basis delivery S.Korea. Australia softened week-on-week. The 'Chang Shan Hai' (56,838 2010) fixed a trip via EC Australia to Indonesia with coal at \$5,500 basis delivery Lianyungang. SE Asia saw more enquiry than the rest of Pacific; still it would take more cargo flow to see a tangible increase on hire rates. The 'Endurance SW' (60,225 dwt, 2015) open Fangcheng fixed trip via Indonesia redel China at \$9,000. The Indian Ocean was steady to softer. A 55,000 tonner fixed a trip via Durban to China at \$10,500 plus low \$100,000's while Ultramax rates were hovering at low \$11,000's plus low \$100,000's for similar runs. Persian Gulf and India were steady too. Rumors emerged of a 56K dwt fixing at \$10,000 basis Pakistan to Bangladesh with bulk minerals and a TESS 58 secured a cargo of limestone ex Persian Gulf to WC India at \$9,000 daily. On the East Coast of India, the picture was similar. The 'Safesea Neha II' (53,389 dwt, 2008) open Paradip fixed \$6,750 for trip to China with iron ore and the 'Star Pegasus' (56,540 dwt 2013) open Haldia trip via EC India to China \$8,000. Bigger units were trading at significantly better levels. On such example was the 'Aragona' (63,077 dwt, 2015) open Chittagong which fixed a trip via EC India to China with iron ore \$10,250.

In the Atlantic the market seems to have bottomed out as rates showed resistance across the board and in some areas even registered profits. One such was the USG where S4A_58 (USG to Skaw-Passero) increased by 12.7% week-on-week, ending up this Friday at \$13,713. On this route, the 'Sage Amazon' (63,227 dwt, 2012) secured 15,500 daily basis delivery USG for a trip to Med. On the fronthaul arena, the 'Ocean Ambitious' (63,577 dwt, 2016) got \$20,600 basis delivery New Orleans for grains to Japan. Moving on to ECSA, rates managed to stabilize, yet they didn't take off. The 'Butinah' (57347 dwt, 2011) got \$11,900 daily plus \$190,000 ballast bonus for a trip from ECSA to Singapore-Japan range. Rates for scrap runs from the Continent to East Med showed visible signs of recovery. The 'Nefeli' (63,466 dwt, 2016) was fixed at \$14,000 basis delivery Hamburg for one such. Meanwhile the opposite route was paying much less as the Black Sea remained under pressure. The 'Jia Sheng Shan' (56,632 dwt, 2011) was fixed at a mere \$8,000 daily basis delivery Canakkale for a trip via Black Sea to the Continent.

On period deals, the 'Navigare Boreas' (61,491 dwt, 2016) fixed \$10,000 for about 5/7 months trading basis delivery Mokpo.

Have we "Hit the Floor?" for both the Far East and Atlantic for the **Handysize.**

Nobody was expecting miracles from the market this week, especially in the Pacific. What everyone hopes is for the market to bottom out. Have we reached this point today? No one can be certain, however there are signs of upcoming improvement. The demand for vessels in the North is minimal with only coal requirements from cis being active. This led the owners of mv 'Clipper Lis' (28,000 dwt, 2014) open in Ichihara on the 18th of November to book alumina hydrates via East coast Australia at \$6,300 dop. In South East Asia, things looked a bit better due to the renewed demand for vessels from Australia. Mv 'Alentejo' (36,000 dwt, 2013) open in Indonesia on the 20th of November fixed \$8,750 daily dop for grains ex West Australia to Japan. 'Nereus Island' (37,000 dwt, 2014) open in Surabaya on the 19th of November was agreed at \$9,300 daily dop for an Australian salt run to Japan. In the Indian subcontinent, market was softer compared to previous weeks. On the rice runs, 'Cs Calvina' (37,500 dwt, 2011) spot at Chittagong was concluded at \$6,000 basis aps Kakinada for 50 days and the balance at \$7,000 daily for bagged rice to west coast Africa. In the Persian Gulf, rumors of a 32K dwt ship fixing at \$10,500 daily dop for fertilizers to Bangladesh, brought disappointment to owners as just two weeks ago, the rate for the same run was at around \$15,000 daily.

Linkin Park back in the early 00's were singing in their 3rd album the song "Hit the Floor", which in a not so aggressive style, more and more Owners seem to relate to. Getting closer to January, orders are being calculated with VLSFO, and start, more and more, not to make sense to Owners. So 'waiting until the upper hand is mine' is becoming a persistent motto/reply from Owners. In ECSA, today was the first day the indices bounced back since early October. It is not by how much at this stage, but more of a glimpse of hope. In the USG Owners wished for a bit of light too, but it seems the problem there is deeper than elsewhere. Owners have to work harder to keep their vessels employed. Continent was reasonably busy this past week, mostly on the backing of fertilizer stems getting out of the Baltic, with the extra help of some more scrap movements and the steady grains from N. France. The Med was rather stable with a fairly equal amount of tonnage and cargo around. The problem though is that most cargoes out of Bl. Sea ending up in W. Med and with all the grains from N. France to Algeria, we could end up with a build-up of tonnage in the area in the near future, putting more pressure on rates.

Nothing was reported on the period desk.



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Fixture Tables

	Representative Capesize Fixtures												
Vessel	Vessel DWT Built Delivery Date Re-del Rate Charterers												
XYG Fortune	176,955	2006	Zhoushan	01/15 Dec	worldwide	\$15,000	Bunge	23/25 mos					
True Patriot	180,967	2016	Yeosu	prompt	Singapore-Japan	\$28,000	Daelim	via EAus					
Mount Faber	176,943	2008	retro CJK	14 Nov	Youngheung	\$26,500	Five Oceans	via Newc					
Global Talent	179,407	2012	Taiwan	prompt	Singapore-Japan	\$23,500	Daiichi	via WAus					

	•		•	Repre	sentative Panamax	Fixtures		
Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment
Samoa	75,506	2010	Kunsan	Spot	Singapore-Japan	\$8,000	Oldendorff	via Nopac
Pan Viva	75,026	2010	Kunsan	24 Nov	Singapore-Japan	\$9,000	NYK	via Nopac
Ocean Zenon	76,596	2007	Dalian	21-22 Nov	Japan	\$8,500	NS United	via Ec Australia
Nord Penguin	81,841	2015	Fuzhou	20 Nov	China	\$10,000	Cnr	via Ec Australia
Star Maria	82,598	2007	Hong Kong	Spot	China	\$11,250	Rio Tinto	via Weipa with bauxite
Malakand	76,830	2004	Haimen	20-21 Nov	India	\$6,500	Xianglong	via Indonesia
Wisdom Diva	76,606	2009	Xinsha	21 Nov	South China	\$9,000	Pacific Bulk	via Indonesia
Skiathos	79,412	2001	Richards Bay	30 Nov	India	\$12,000 plus 200,000 gbb	Cnr	via Richards Bay
Ormos	81,650	2019	Recalada	29 Nov	Singapore-Japan	\$13,750 plus 375,000 gbb	Cargill	via Ecsa
Lucky Star	76,662	2002	Ecsa	1-10 Dec	Singapore-Japan	\$12,900 plus 290,000	Louis Dreyfus	via Ecsa
Tiger South	76,255	2013	Ecsa	5-10 Dec	Skaw - Gibraltar	\$9,500	Cargill	via Ecsa
Alan	81,712	2012	USG	24 Nov	Arabian Gulf	\$14,450 plus 445,000 gbb	Bunge	via USG
RB Leah	82,000	2017	Flushing	25-27 Nov	Gibraltar	\$11,750	Nordic	via Baltic & Med
Polymnia	98,704	2012	Taiwan	prompt	Worldwide	\$11,000	Cargill	11-13 months
Electra	82,052	2015	Cai Lan	20-25 Nov	Worldwide	\$10,250	Oldendorff	11-13 months

	Representative Supramax Fixtures											
Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment				
Desert Harrier	60,447	2017	pass Busan	Prompt	China	\$9,250	Canpotex	Via NoPac				
Endurance SW	60,255	2015	Fangcheng	Prompt	China	\$9,000	cnr	via Indonesia				
Safesea Neha II	53,389	2008	Paradip	Prompt	China	\$6,750	Seacoast	intention iron ore				
Star Pegasus	56,540	2013	Haldia	Prompt	China	\$8,000	cnr	via ECI				
Aragona	63,077	2015	Chittagong	Prompt	China	\$10.250	cnr	via ECI				
Sage Amazon	63,227	2012	US Gulf	Prompt	Med	\$15,500	Bulk Trading					
Ocean Ambitious	63,577	2016	New Orleans	2/3 Dec	Japan	\$20,600	cnr	with Grains				
Butinah	57,347	2011	ESCA	Prompt	Spore - Japan range	\$11,900 + \$190k BB	cnr					
Nefeli	63,466	2016	Hamburg	Prompt	WMED	\$14,000	cnr	via Baltic				
Jia Sheng Shan	56,632	2011	Canakkale	Prompt	Continent	\$8,000	cnr	via B.Sea				
Navigare Boreas	61,491	2016	Mokpo	Prompt	WW	\$10,000	cnr	Period abt 5/7 mos				

Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment
Clipper Lis	28,000	2014	Japan	prompt	F.East	\$6,300	cnr	Alu hydrates via Aussie
Alentejo	36,000	2013	Indonesia	prompt	Japan	\$8,750	cnr	grains via Aussie
Nereus Island	37,000	2014	Surabaya	prompt	Japan	\$9,300	cnr	grains via Aussie
CS Calvina	37,500	2011	Kakinada	prompt	West Africa	\$6,000 1st 50d, \$7,000 balance	cnr	bagged rice
Trammo Laoura	38,552	2017	Recalada	prompt	Kaliningrad	\$10,500	Canfornav	
Nordic Yarra	37,205	2014	S. Luiz	prompt	St. Lawr	\$15,500	Fednav	
Capetan Costis	34,146	2011	Ghent	prompt	Emed	\$11,500	Galloo	scrap
Pretty Team	35,200	2013	Strudstrup	prompt	Marmara	\$11,750	Nordic	scrap
Interlink Solidity	38,749	2017	USEC	prompt	Conti	\$9,000	Norden	wood pellets



WEEKLY MARKET INSIGHT Friday, 22nd November 2019

FFA Market

With the exception of plummeting Capesize paper, all other sub-markets turned positive during the 47th week of the year. Triggered by the negative performance of the spot market, Capesize November contracts lay \$663 below last Friday levels at \$20,628. Towards the opposite direction, Panamax forward curve anticipated some marginal improvement with November and December contracts balanced slightly above previous Friday levels, at \$9,900 and \$9,650 respectively. Significant support for the Supramax prompt months, with December managing to stand 7.69% above previous week closing at \$9,146, while November contracts moved marginally up to \$8,986, injecting some pinches of optimism in the market. Mixed sentiment appeared in the Handysize front end, with November contracts closed slightly down from last week's levels at \$7,694, whereas December balanced higher at \$7,625.





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Bunker Market





WEEKLY MARKET INSIGHT Friday, 22nd November 2019

Dry Bulk S&P Market

Recent freight market corrections and growing uncertainty as we get closer to 2020, has led second hand activity in another quiet week. In contrast with the overall "wait and see" stance in the segment, notable volume has been concluded in the Handies, where attractive prices apparently create opportunities for buyers. Above sentiment is also reflected on the newbuilding front, where two orders have been reported, both for same account.

In the real action, starting from the big boys, Noble Group offloaded their Post Panamax duo 'Ocean Sapphire' (93K/Cosco Dalian/'12) and 'Ocean Garnet' (93K/Cosco Dalian/'10) for \$14.75 and \$13.65 mill respectively, with Greek interests being linked to the transaction.

In the Supramaxes, Santa Helena (58K/Shin Kurushima/12) was reported sold to Greeks interests for \$14.8 mill; as a reminder, a few weeks back 'Centenario Blu' (56K/Mitsui/'11) was snapped-up by Greeks for a price close to mid/high \$13 mill. In a distressed sale, 'Lord' (52K/Cebu/'05) was committed to Chinese buyers for \$5.3 mill (out of class/arrested)

In the workhorses of the sector, the 'Shelduck' (35K/SPP/'12) reportedly achieved levels of \$9.5 mill, while Greek controlled 'Atalanta' (31K/Saiki/'01) found takers at \$5.2 mill. Back in early October, similar ship mv 'V Red Knot' (32K/Kanda/'03) obtained \$6.3 mill. Following the sale of 'Thurgau', one year older sister 'Aargau' (33K/Universe/'10) changed hands for similar levels, fetching a soft \$6.2 mill. Finally, no love was lost for the 28k's as soft prices continue to attract buyers' interest. 'Prinsesa Maganda' (28K/Imabari/'12) changed hands for \$8.6 mill, relatively in par with the low \$9's achieved by the 'Cherry Island' in the beginning of the month.

In our secondhand with newbulding comparison, Tobin's Q ratios trended sideways, without any significant changes. Indicatively, the market for five-year-old Capesizes and same-aged Handies balanced at 31% and just 4% off from their adjusted newbuilding prices respectively. Five-year-old Panamaxes and same-aged Supramaxes are in the market at a discount of 14% and 17% respectively to their newbulding prices, if we compare them on the same age basis.

			Reported Rec	ent S&P Activity	•	
Vessel Name	DWT	Built	Yard/Country	Price \$Mil.	Buyer	Comments
New Times 0120813	208,000	2019	New Times/China	47	Norwegian buyers	13-yrs BBB/less \$5.0m to sellers credit
Azul Integra	203,272	2004	Universal/Japan	15.6	Chinese buyers	
Jal Kumud	76,302	2008	Imabari/Japan	12.75	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30
Clio	73,691	2005	Jiangnan/China	7.4	Undisclosed buyers	
Arethusa-I	75,319	2001	Samho HI/S.Korea	6.5	Greek buyers	
Bulk Patriot	70,165	1996	Sumitono/Japan	4.5	Chinese buyers	
Adventure III	62,534	2019	Oshima/Japan	27.5	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Furness St Kilda	61,510	2010	Shin Kasado/Japan	15.7	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 31
Fortune Symphony	57,809	2016	Tsuneishi/Japan	20.5	Japanese buyers	C 4 x 30
Santa Helena	57,215	2012	Shin Kurushima/Japan	14.85	Greek buyers	C 4 x 31
Mary Lina	52,454	2007	Tsuneishi/Japan	10.3	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Desert Melody	53,800	2006	Kouan Shipbuilding/China	7.7	Greek buyers	C 4 x 30
Lord	52,504	2004	Tsuneishi Cebu/Pphines	5.3	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30 / action sale
Mimosa	52,479	2002	Kanasashi Toyohas/Japan	6.8	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30,5
Akson Sara	50,895	2001	Oshima/Japan	6.7	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Baolong	46,658	1998	Mitsui Tamano/Japan	4.3	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Meghna Princess	47,574	1995	Oshima/Japan	3.5	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30 / basis SS/DD due 01/20
Shelduck	35,000	2012	SPP/S. Korea	9.5	Greek buyers	C 4 x 35
Aargau	32,790	2010	Universe/China	5.8	Turkish buyers	C 4 x 30,5
Atalanta	32,256	2001	Saiki/Japan	5.2	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Cherry Island	28,220	2014	I-S Shipyard/Japan	9.1	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30,5
Prinsesa Maganda	28,361	2012	I-S Shipyard/Japan	5.2	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Panforce	28,200	2004	Imabari/Japan	5.5	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30/ Logger
Forza	28,564	1997	Kanda/Japan	3.2	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30
Sea Magic	21,274	2007	Linhai Huipu/China	2.9	Undisclosed buyers	C 3 x 25
Ho Bao	23,649	2001	Shin Kochi Jyuko/Japan	4.2	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30,5

*Tobin's Q represents the ratio between the market value and replacement value of a physical asset, with numerator and denominator adjusted to same age basis. According to economic theory, this ratio should be mean reverting towards 1 or 100%, for assets that do not face technological obsolescence.



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	Tobin's Q* Capesize-Panamax											
Date	Capesize 5yrs	Capesize 10yrs	Capesize 15yrs	Panamax 5yrs	Panamax 10yrs	Panamax 15yrs						
Current ratio	69%	72%	65%	86%	80%	81%						
12months High	87%	84%	69%	86%	88%	81%						
12months Low	69%	72%	63%	85%	79%	76%						
12months Avg	74%	77%	65%	85%	82%	77%						







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	Tobin's Q* Supramax-Handysize											
Date	Supramax 5yrs Supramax 10yrs Supramax 15yrs Handysize 5yrs Handysize 10yrs Ha											
Current ratio	83%	81%	78%	96%	70%	66%						
12months High	86%	89%	86%	96%	82%	76%						
12months Low	81%	81%	72%	83%	68%	65%						
12months Avg	82%	86%	79%	93%	77%	70%						







Weekly Spot Market	Current week	Previous week	Oct-01	Sep-01	Aug-01						
Implied Spot Roce	8.7%	9.1%	17.7%	14.1%	10.2%						
Global Spot TCE	£32.66	£33.03	£41.24	£36.68	£32.60						
BlackSea Round	£32.36	£32.04	£41.93	£41.93	£32.42	S&P Market (5,000dwt)	Current week	Previous week	Oct-01	Sep-01	Aug-01
East Round	£38.98	£40.18	£46.01	£41.48	£38.06	NB	£45,795	£45,795	£43,782	£42,030	£41,147
Med Round	£30.72	£31.42	£37.83	£33.94	£29.79	SH 5yrs old	£32,074	£32,074	£32,278	£30,809	£29,879
US Round	£34.36	£35.96	£43.22	£36.49	£35.80	SH 10yrs old	£24,738	£24,738	£24,952	£23,604	£22,761
River Plate Round	£33.28	£37.80	£45.21	£43.93	£41.80	SH 15yrs old	£18,934	£18,934	£19,189	£17,798	£16,942

Oct-97

Jan-98

Apr-98

Jul-98

Secondhand 5yrs 5000dwt Price

Oct-98

Jan-99

Apr-99

Jul-99

Oct-99

*1 Sterling = 20Shillings, 50% of the World Fleet under British Ownership, Size Categories: "Small"=below 2,500dwt, "Handy"= 2,500-4,000dwt, "Large"=5,000dwt, "Very Large"= 6,000dwt, "Ultra Large"=above 6,000dwt, Assumptions for a 5,000dwt Benchmark Ship: Voyage Speed=9knots, Fuel Consumption 17.75tonnes of coal/day

£25,000

£20,000

Jan-96

Apr-96

Jul-96

Oct-96

Jan-97

-Newbuild 5000dwt Price

Apr-97

Jul-97



History does not repeat itself but it does rhyme...

The freight market has again been very disappointing. The continued decline in homeward business in almost every direction is beginning to give cause for considerable anxiety, and especially to those owners who this year have caught it prudent to supplement their fleets with costly boats. They are asking how is it that, in spite of the enormous Government demand for tonnage, freights, instead being actually much lower than prior to the break of hostilities. We have heard various solutions to this problem, but there is only one answer – namely that's simply a question of supply and demand. How is it possible there is no spurt this fall in freights from the Black Sea, Danube and Azoff? Because there has been and is too much tonnage available for the paucity of grain available for shipment. The same remark well applies to the Eastern trade. For outward positions, however, tonnage is freely offering, so the boom in this direction is about exhausted. Although a good many boats have been chartered to fill places of the liners taken up by the Government, there been nothing like the demand for outside boats that owners generally anticipated. Some boats are sailing very close to the wind, for after paying the working expenses, wages, insurance, coal, etc, there is little if any profit in many of the short-voyages.

The Black Sea market continues in about the same condition as reported last week. Berth rates from Odessa etc., to L.H.A.R. are 8s, but let owners beware of taking the bait of a half or two-thirds cargo to start with ; once in the trap the will be severely punished before they can extricate themselves. On charter 9s to 9s 6d is quoted from the full range. Some owners are agreeing 100 tons per day for loading and discharging, time being reversible – they evidently are desirous that their crews should spend Christmas day in Russia.

Danube berth rates for A.R are dull at 10s 6d, but we can scarcely imagine any owners being so stupid as to send a boat up at this time of the year for such a ballast rate.

Azoff business has shown just a little activity, a few boats having been fixed at from 13s to 14s any direct basis.

Mediterranean business is quiet. From Alexandria to London or Hull 7s 6d is quoted. From Smyrna to U.K 9s 6d; From Huelva 12s to 12s 6d is obtainable; from Smyrna and the Syrian Coast handy prompt boats are worth 25s to 27s 6d to the U.S. Owners entertaining this business should refuse to give more than the equivalent of 400 tons per running day for loading. At present the charterers demand even fifteen days, Sundays and holidays excepted, for a boat of only about 1,000 n.r tons, the result being that half of the freight is swallowed up in dispatch-money, etc.

The American market does not improve ; on the whole it is a little weaker. Berth grain rates from the Northern ports to p.p for November, December, and January are 2s 7½ d to 2s 9d, and for part oats 2s 1½ d to 2s 3d. On the C.f.o basis 3s 3d to 3s 4½ d is quoted, and for Denmark 3s 6d two ports. Net charter rates from Galveston, New Orleans, etc., are easier at 16s 6d to 16s 9d for December loading. From the Atlantic ports to Liverpool or Bremen 37s 6d to 38s 9d is quoted for December loading, and from the Gulf ports 42s 6d to 43s 9d for Liverpool, is 3d extra for the Cont. There is little demand still for tonnage from the Gulf pitch-pine ports to U.K Cont at 113s 9d to 115s, and for the Adriatic at 120s.

River Plate rates are inclined to be weaker. On charter December boats are worth from 26s 6d to 27s o.c. from the San Lorenzo limit. There appears to be an increasing demand for tonnage from Rio Janeiro for manganese ore, for U.K Cont 17s to 17s 6d is offering and for the U.S 15s 6d to 16s.

The Eastern market is without change. From Bombay 17s is quoted nominally for December loading ; from Calcutta to U.K Cont 23s 9d to 25s deadweight, 30s jute basis is obtainable.

Coal rates from Wales to the Mediterranean are firmer as follows – Marseilles 12 fcs, Algiers 11fcs, Genoa, Naples, Leghorn, etc, 9s 6d to 9s 9d. Westwards: Las Palmas or Teneriffe 7s 6d, Cape Verds 8s 6d, Vera Cruz 10s 9d, Rio de Janeiro 11s 6d to 12s etc,. For Colombo 15s 6d to 16s is offering for December loading, and for January 15s to 15s 6d. The last paid for Singapore is 18s.

On the S&P front, the newbulding market moved sideways. A typical newbuilding 5,000dwt British-build steamer is currently at the market for £45,750 whereas a five-year-old of the same dwt and specification at circa £32,000.