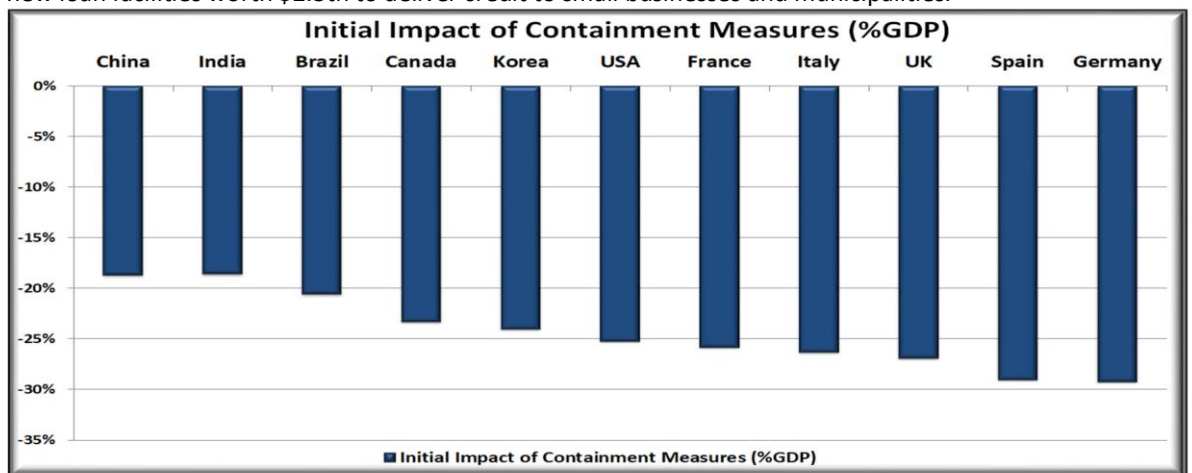


Whilst most of the stock markets around the globe have started pricing in that the virus outbreak could be nearing its peak, OECD stressed that increasingly stringent containment measures needed to slow the spread of the Covid-19 will necessarily lead to significant short-term declines in GDP for many major economies. Even though it is extremely challenging to assess the exact impact of these measures of global product, the intergovernmental organization mentioned that it is clear that they imply sharp contractions in the level of output and international trade. In particular, covering only the initial direct impact, shutdowns could force the level of output to decline from anywhere of between one-fifth to one-quarter in many economies, with consumers' expenditure potentially dropping by around one-third. If the shutdown continued for three months, with no offsetting factors, annual GDP growth could be between 4-6 percentage points lower than it otherwise might have been. Put it otherwise, for each month of containment, there will be a loss of 2 percentage points in annual GDP growth, *ceteris paribus*. Changes of this magnitude would far outweigh anything experienced during the global financial crisis in 2008-09. However, it has to be noted that all major economies have taken drastic monetary and fiscal measures to counterbalance the severe pressure in their product from the containment measures. Fed has already cut interest rates close to zero and expanded its balance sheet by buying up Treasury debt and government-guaranteed mortgage-backed securities. Additionally, this week, it further expanded its action by detailing new loan facilities worth \$2.3tn to deliver credit to small businesses and municipalities.



Source: OECD Statistics, Doric Research

In sync with OECD estimations, oil demand has fallen by roughly a third as most of the world's largest consumers have effectively shut down, pushing "black gold" prices down to their 18-year minima. Against this development, OPEC+ drew up plans for combined cuts of 10m barrels per day in May and June, with calls by officials for US producers and others to cut a further 5m bpd. In view of millions of energy sector job losses and permanent damages to supplies, G20 is expected to support Saudi Arabia and Russia initial agreement to ease the global oil glut. Moscow and Riyadh agreed on Thursday to cut production by 10m barrels per day or circa 10% of global supplies, but Mexico refused to sign up to a 400K-barrel cut. President Lopez Obrador said earlier today that President Trump had agreed help out by cutting additional US output after Mexico offered a cut of just 100K bpd. President Donald Trump said he had proposed to "help Mexico along" and Mexico would "reimburse" the US at some later date. However, he added that "We're working on it. I think eventually it's going to work out," Major oil markets were closed on Friday, but prices failed to rally after Thursday's cuts - the biggest in history - as a 15% cut still fails to match demand plunge.



At the same time as global growth has been in search for support from fiscal and monetary policies and oil prices from colossal cuts, gearless segments gave some impetus to the Baltic Dry Index.

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## Doric Shipbrokers S.A.

Tel: +30 210 9670970

Fax: +30 210 9670985

Email:

[drycargo@doric.gr](mailto:drycargo@doric.gr)

Inquiries about the content of this report  
Michalis Voutsinas

Email:

[research@doric.gr](mailto:research@doric.gr)

## Dry Cargo Spot Market

The **Capesize** indices fueled up to healthier levels this week, setting up a vibrant sense on both spot and paper markets. The Baltic 5 TC Average index concluded at \$6,762 daily on Thursday, an approximate \$800 increase since last week.

In the East, an early week drop of the indices was recorded, but they switched right back taking an upward direction. Most indices concluded on Thursday just below last week's levels. C5 (West Australia/Qingdao) index closed at \$4.92, losing around 30 cents W-o-W. FMG were heard to have fixed the "H S C" (173,799 dwt, 2006) for 160,000mt 10% iron ore cargo from Port Hedland to Qingdao 20-22 April at \$4.90 pmt. C10\_14 followed a similar trend, sketching a "U-shape" but concluding below last week's heights. It concluded at \$6,758 daily on Thursday, or 15% down W-o-W. Despite that, the outlook seems promising for next week. In the commodities news, Pilbara Ports Authority monthly exports for March 2020 have gone up to 63.7 million tonnes (Mt) or a 27% solid increase compared to same month last year. As we reported at the time, "cyclones were heading towards the northwestern ports of Dampier, Port Hedland and Ashburto" making it difficult for vessels to approach and commence their loading operations. The cyclone Veronica, closed Port Hedland for 92.5 hours and port of Dampier for 132 hours, contributing to a slowdown in throughput figures compared to March 2018. Despite the current situation, activity seems to have returned to normal for these northwestern Australian ports. The Port of Port Hedland achieved a monthly throughput of 47.2Mt, or a 29% increase compared to March 2019, out of which 46.7Mt was iron ore exports. Similarly, the Port of Dampier achieved a 15.4Mt monthly throughput, calculating a 22% increase compared to March 2019. Subsequently the iron ore industry seems to be gaining in momentum, as Australia enjoys better results and China seems to be back from a long and tiring break for the most of 2020's first quarter. Rio Tinto held its annual general meeting this week via teleconference and announced it will proceed with its 3.7 Billion USD dividend payment this month. The company has a strong balance sheet, running safely a full order book, but still the pandemic forced some of the company's mining peer to forgo payouts.

In anticipation of good news from the Covid-19 front, stock markets and spot Capesize market seemed to have spent an enjoyable week. In reference to the latter, all major indices trended upwards. The benchmark C3 (Tubarao/Qingdao) moved up to \$11 pmt, or 34 cents up from last week. AngloAmerican was linked against a TBN vessel for a 170,000mt 10% iron ore cargo out of Acu, Brazil to Qingdao at \$10.55 pmt. C8\_14 (Trans/Atlantic R/V) gone up to \$5,615 daily, or an approximate \$1,000 increase W-o-W. The front-haul trades from both Brazil and West Africa certainly boosted up the overall sentiment, increased by a sound \$3,130 in daily gains. C9\_14(Front/Haul trip) index concluded at \$18,125 daily this week. Whilst both the paper and spot market were very active during Easter week in the Atlantic, commodities traders and most of the industry's players share some bigger problems. Overall, since the 2015-16 commodity market crisis, the big fours of mining industry have slashed debt, cut unnecessary costs and shied away from mergers and acquisitions to strengthen financial positions. However, concerns about the medium to longer effect of COVID-19 to global growth are threatening that progress for some in the industry. In this context, the cost of insuring against potential debt default, five-year credit default swaps (CDS), by mining companies has risen to the highest since 2016 on mounting fears of recession and shutdowns to contain the spread of the coronavirus.

No period fixtures reported this week.

Mixed feelings for the **Panamax** market, with noticeable gains in the Pacific, a flat ECSA sub market and some uncertainty in the North Atlantic. In this context, the Baltic 82 Index closed the week at \$7,316, up 2% W-o-W.

In the commodity news of the Pacific, disruptions caused by the coronavirus pandemic is expected to affect the growth of global coal production which projected to increase marginally from 8.13b tonnes in 2019 to 8.17b tonnes in 2020, according to GlobalData. In reference to the largest coal consumer, Coal production in China declined by circa 6% in the first two months of 2020. On a longer four-year horizon though, global production of thermal coal is expected to grow at a compound annual growth rate of 1.9% to reach 7.60b tonnes by 2023, due to increasing demand from India and China. In the spot arena, tonnage in the North still enjoyed a continuous supply of grain cargoes ex Nopac, and along with few fresh stems from Aussie and Indo, rates moved upwards. Cargill took the 'Kavala' (83,688 dwt, 2009) basis delivery Qingdao for a trip via Nopac to Spore-Japan at \$7,000 daily, and for the same run the 'Alpha Charm' (81,800 dwt, 2018) was fixed basis delivery Cjk at \$8,250 daily. For Aussie loading, the 'Shi Dai 10' (75,414 dwt, 2012) was reported fixed basis delivery Shekou 13-14 April for a trip via West Australia to China at \$6,250 to Refined Success, whilst the 'Medi Matsura' (81,788 dwt, 2015) with delivery Cjk was linked to Kline for a trip via EC Aussie to Japan at a daily rate of \$9,000. Further South, the 'Fh Ri Zhao' (79,489 dwt, 2015) concluded at \$5,500 for a coal trip via Indo to S.China, basis delivery Zhoushan 11 April.

In the Atlantic basin, Brazil shipped 11.6m tonnes of soybeans in March, or up 38% Y-o-Y, according to a report from Brazil's foreign trade department. For direction China in particular, exports rose more than 40% Y-o-Y in March. In the spot market, rates remained flat for early tonnage from ECSA and with a tick better sentiment for forward arrivals. For such a run, 'Chorus' (82,181 dwt, 2011) was fixed to Glencore basis delivery aps ECSA 22-23 April and redelivery Spore-Japan at \$12,750 plus \$275,000 gbb, and the 'Cape Kasos' (82,403 dwt, 2012) was fixed to Bunge basis retro delivery Spore 7 April at \$9,000 daily. From the Black sea was reported that the 'Artvin' (82,231, 2011) fixed basis delivery Aliaga 8 April for a trip to back to Turkey at \$5,750 with Nordic but other than that not much else has surfaced. For a trip to the East, the 'Africa Graeca' (74,133 dwt, 2002) was heard to have fixed basis delivery Canakkale 15 April for a trip via the Black Sea to China at \$14,500 daily to Cargill.

In the period desk, Cargill took the 'Crimson Ace' (81,758 dwt, 2015) with delivery Cjk 10 April for 1 year period at \$10,000 daily, and the 'Nenita' (76,807 dwt, 2006) was fixed basis retro delivery Oman 2 April for 6 to 8 months trading at \$9,500.

Moving towards the opposite direction from the gearless segments, **Supramax** segment concluded in the red.

It was another depressing week in the Pacific, as the downward trend continued on all routes. While it's almost impossible for accurate short-term forecasts, the pessimistic scenario remains that April will also be a torrid month for Owners. As China attempts to jump-start its economy, the influence of Covid-19 is still stalling the possible recovery that everyone is hoping for. Ships open in N.China either had to consider fixing below OPEX short duration CIS businesses or agree to deliveries passing S.Korea, in order to find coverage from NoPac. Although NoPac was slightly more active, rates slipped further. PanOcean fixed a Smax at \$4K dop Busan for trip via NoPac to Taiwan. SEAsia started off where last week ended, i.e. under severe pressure, with this trend continuing throughout the week. However, many stakeholders believe that perhaps we are close to reaching the bottom. The public holidays next week will also largely curtail the activity. The 'Allonissos' (56,648 dwt, 2010) was fixed at \$3,750 aps E.Kali for trip to SEAsia and the "Coral Gem" (55,073 dwt, 2010) gone at \$3K basis dely Spore for trip to China. Although there were more enquiries out of Aussie, it was not enough to prevent rates from sliding. The 'AP Slano' (57,300 dwt, 2012) was fixed \$3,3K dely Spore for a trip via Aussie to Vietnam. The dramatic fall in the Indian Ocean continued, with few new cargoes hitting brokers' screens. Lack of fresh cargoes severely affected rates which were being assessed even lower than a week ago. The 'Cas Avanca' (55,561 dwt, 2009) concluded at \$3,7K aps Gangavaram for an iron ore trip to China. From WCI, a couple of vessels found coverage from the Bl.Sea with rates hovering circa \$5K dop on Supras and around \$7K on Ultras for long duration trips to Bangladesh-China. The 'Guo Qiang 8' (63,388 dwt, 2018) obtained \$7K dop Magdalla for a grain trip via Bl.Sea to Bangladesh. There has been little activity from the PG, with rates barely holding at \$5K aps for short runs to India. Moving south, although there was a slight upswing on the cargo volume from S.Africa, rates remained under pressure for early positions. The 'Queen' (58,096 dwt, 2010) was fixed at \$8K+\$80K bb aps Maputo for trip to FEast while the 'SSI Victory' (56,781 dwt, 2012) was reported at \$7K+\$70K bb aps R.Bay for trip to Pakistan. Rates slipped further as the week drew to a close. As reports emerged, Centurion covered their 14-24 April stem RBCT/Vietnam with a TESS 52 at \$8k aps without bb.

The Atlantic remains under pressure across the board as the Covid-19 pandemic continues to soar in most countries. The Bl.Sea/Med area softened further this week; an Oshima-built 55,000 dwt tonner was rumoured to obtain \$6,000 daily with delivery Iskenderun for a trip with clinker into West Africa and an Imabari-built 53,000 dwt tonner managed \$5,250 basis delivery Canakkale for a trip via Black Sea to Morocco. Interestingly enough, a 63,000 dwt tonner fixed a trip via Bl.Sea to Bangladesh at \$7,000 basis delivery PG, which amounts roughly around \$14,000 with delivery Canakkale over 45 days duration into Bangladesh. The Continent had little activity to show for and overall ballast opportunities were much less favourable with USEC/USG and ECSA levels also trimming downwards. The USG kept underperforming with the spot market being quite anaemic; an Ultramax was fixed for a petcoke trip to Med at \$6,500 daily including some waiting time. Further South in ECSA, a 58,000 tonner reportedly fixed at high-\$9,000s for a trip to Med and Ultramax were loosely spoken in the region of \$11,500s plus \$150,000s ballast bonus for fronthauls while across the pond rates from West Africa to China were circling \$10,500/\$11,000 on a standard 55,000 dwt tonner.

In accordance with global uncertainty currently in the air, there was diffidence on period deals being concluded.

“Happy Easter” might be the only positive thing we can say for the **Handysize**.

In the Pacific, despite the fact that Chinese market participants have returned to their workstations and are fully operational, market is still ‘working from home’, in terms of both activity and psychology. Furthermore, the negative influence from Western hemisphere kept levels stable and near the bottom in this basin. In this ‘dance’ between East and West, the old saying could be paraphrased to ‘it takes none to not Tango.’ In such an interconnected world, progress cannot happen by acting alone. In the spot main stage, North of Taiwan, the situation remained cruel with owners still reluctant to call some ports and many brokers struggling during negotiations to find the golden ratio in terms and clauses in order to agree to call ports with high rate of Covid19 incidents, even if they were reported some weeks ago. On the fixtures front, ‘As Elenia’ (34,000 dwt, 2011) open Panjin was fixed at \$4,750 dop for petcoke via N.China to Japan. Another one was the ‘Dream Catcher’ (29,000 dwt, 2009), spot at South Korea, agreeing at \$3,500 basis passing Busan for a coal trip via Vanino to Taiwan-Vietnam range. South of Taiwan, market conditions were slightly better with ‘Seastar Titan’ (30,000 dwt, 2009) fixing \$3,5K basis dop Cigading for a fertilizers run to ECI. From the same area, the ‘Asian Bulker’ (36,000 dwt, 2015) open at Hong Kong concluded at \$4K for the first 25 days and balance rate at \$8,000 for a trip with steels loading from Hong Kong to WC Aussie. From Australia, ‘Iris K’ (37,000 dwt, 2015) opening at Brisbane on the 14th of April was finalized at \$6K dop for concentrates to China.

A rather disappointing week was this past one. The market has shown nothing worth a second thought but regardless, most Owners have scrambled for every little and low paying business they could see. It is one thing to stay in quarantine, but then it feels there is nothing much to do if you go out too. Despair is hovering low over everyone’s head, and we are all waiting for a solution to this difficult and unprecedented condition we all live. In ECSA very few fresh cargoes surfaced and that pressed the numbers a lot lower from the low levels they were last week. Owners are mostly worried if the business and cargo is firm than the numbers it pays. Just to get cover, is the most common statement. Not much different was the picture in the USG, with brokers commenting there are way too many ships around for the 7-8 cargoes around. This had the obvious effect on rates talked and fixed. Continent was also rather subdued but not to the extent the other side of the Atlantic was. Again some discounted rates, comparable to last week, were reported but it seemed there was at least plenty of cargo to go around. Black Sea and Med could not be any different of course, but there were “glimpses of light” from some good fixtures reported early in the week. It seems though that the whole market over there is more unstable than anything else. For every good fixture you hear, there is also one that you can’t believe that someone went for it.

Finally on the period desk there was some action recorded with ‘Pacific Noble’ (28,000 dwt, 2011) open Lianyungang getting, for 2-3 laden legs, \$4,000 for the first 40 days and the balance at \$6,200 basis passing Tsushima Strait.

**Fixture Tables**

Representative Capesize Fixtures						
Vessel	Load Port	Laycan	Discharge Port	Freight	Charterers	Cargo
Cyclades	Dampier	25/27 Apr	Qingdao	\$4.6	Rio Tinto	170000/10 iore
TBN	Seven Isl	25 Apr - 4 May	Qingdao	\$14.75	Panocean	170000/10 iore
TBN	CSN	5/15 May	Qingdao	\$11	CSN	180000/10 iore
Aashna	Acu	26 Apr - 5 May	Qingdao	\$10.65	Anglo American	170000/10 iore
Bai An Hai	Saldanha Bay	21/30 Apr	Qingdao	\$7.7	Anglo American	170000/10 iore

Representative Panamax Fixtures								
Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment
Kavala	83,688	2009	Qingdao	Spot	Spore-Jpn	\$7,000	Cargill	via Nopac
Alpha Charm	81,800	2018	Cjk	10-Apr	Spore-Jpn	\$8,250	Cnr	via Nopac
ShiDai 10	75,414	2012	Shekou	13-14 April	China	\$6,250	Refined Success	via Wc Australia
Medi Matsura	81,788	2015	Cjk	10-Apr	Japan	\$9,000	K Line	via Ec Australia
Fh Ri Zhao	79,489	2015	Zhoushan	11-Apr	South China	\$5,500	Lotus	via Indonesia
Chorus	82,181	2011	ECSA	22-23 April	Spore-Jpn	\$12,750 plus 275,000 gbb	Glencore	via ECSA
Cape Kasos	81,403	2012	retro Singapore	07-Apr	Spore-Jpn	\$9,000	Bunge	via ECSA
Artvin	82,231	2011	Aliaga	08-Apr	Turkey	\$5,750	Nordic	via B.Sea
Africa Gracea	74,133	2002	Canakkale	15-Apr	China	\$14,500	Cargill	via B.Sea
Crimson Ace	81,759	2015	Cjk	10-Apr	Worldwide	\$10,000	Cargill	1 Year
Nenita	76,807	2006	retro Oman	02-Apr	Worldwide	\$9,500	Cnr	6 to 8 Months

Representative Supramax Fixtures								
Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment
Jalma Topic	51,966	2006	Jorf Lasfar	prompt	S.Brazil	\$4,000 1st 35d + \$9,000 balance	Cargill	via Morocco
Wolverine	61,292	2015	Canakkale	prompt	Dakar	\$6,600	cnr	int. coal
Freedom Line	56,056	2005	Recalada	prompt	Spain/Morocco	\$7,000	Oldendorff	int. grains
Bulk Colombia	57,937	2011	Bremen	prompt	USEC	\$4,500 1st 40d + \$9,000 balance	Evomarine	via Baltic int. fertilizers
SBI Pisces	63,650	2016	Mobile	prompt	EMED/BSEA	\$6,000	cnr	via USG
Coral Gem	55,073	2010	Spore	prompt	China	\$3,000	cnr	
AP Slano	57,300	2012	Spore	prompt	Vietnam	\$3,000	cnr	via Aussie
Guo Qiang 8	63,388	2018	Magdalla	prompt	Bangladesh	\$7,000	cnr	via BSEA int. grains
Allonissos	56,648	2010	E.Kalimantan	prompt	SE.Asia	\$3,750	cnr	
Venus Halo	55,848	2012	Canakkale	prompt	Spore	\$12,500	cnr	via Marmara int. steels

Representative Handysize Fixtures								
Vessel	DWT	Built	Delivery	Date	Re-del	Rate	Charterers	Comment
As Elenia	34,000	2011	Panjin	06-Apr	Japan	\$4,750	cnr	petcoke
Dream Catcher	29,000	2009	Busan	prompt	Taiwan	\$3,500	cnr	coal
Seastar Titan	30,000	2009	Cigading	03-Apr	Eci	\$3,500	cnr	ferts
Asian Bulker	36,000	2015	Hong Kong	03-Apr	WcAussie	\$4,400 1st 25d, \$8,000 balance	cnr	steels via Hong Kong
Iris K	37,000	2015	Brisbane	14-Apr	China	\$6,000	cnr	concentrates
Pacific Noble	28,000	2011	Lyg	02-Apr	ww	\$4,000 1st 40d, \$6,200 balance	cnr	2/3 II
Melbourne Spirit	35,573	2013	Recalada	prompt	Fortaleza	\$4,500	Clipper	coastal grains
Fuat Bey	35,437	2014	Rio DJ	prompt	USG	\$4,500	Integrity	pig iron
Tanta T	32,500	2011	Rouen	prompt	Algeria	\$7,750	cnr	
Lady Alara	30,400	2012	SWPass	prompt	Morocco	\$6,250	PacBasin	
Gladiator	28,341	2008	Canakkale	prompt	WCCA	\$10,500	Phaethon	steels via BISea
Merel D	35,093	2016	Suez	prompt	Qatar	\$6,000	Aston	grains via BISea



## Dry Bulk S&P Market

As the Coronavirus outbreak has been disrupting the industry, second hand market has been facing unexpected challenges. Physical deliveries are difficult to materialize so alternatives have to be employed, while in other cases deals fall through, as in the case of the 'Coral Amber' reported two weeks. That being said, interestingly we witnessed notable activity in terms of volume, given of course the overall circumstances.

On the newbuilding front, China Merchants Energy Shipping has placed an order with Jinling Shipbuilding for four open hatch bulk carriers. In particular, the 62,000 dwt bulkers will cost \$ 29.6 mio per ship, bringing the total cost of investment up to \$ 118.6 mio.

In the real action, starting from the bigger sizes, in a deal that went under the radar, Turkish owned Panamax 'Betty's Beauty' (76k, Sasebo, Japan, 2006) found new home for a firm \$ 10 mio basis SS/DD due in August. Korean outfit Five Ocean Corp. has emerged as her new owner. Above figure poses a significant premium in today's market, however we understand that she had been fixed around Jan/Feb 2020, while a coal CoA had been in place. As a reminder, a couple of weeks back we had seen Qatar based buyers paying \$ 9.25 mio for same age Kamsarmax.

Evidently, Chinese buyers continue to prowl after Panamaxes in the region of 20 years old, as Korean built unit 'Dubai Pride' (74k, Daewoo, Korea, 2001) was snatched up for \$ 5.2 mio. A few weeks back, we had reported the 2002 built 'Harvest Peace' at \$ 6.3 mio. It's worth pointing out that the ship had been reported sold again back in February at slightly higher levels.

Moving down to the Supras, Greek Buyers paid a competitive low \$ 7 mio for 'Nova Gorica' (53k, Yangzhou, China, 2008) in a bank driven transaction.

In the "workhorses" of the sector, Interorient committed their Orient Alliance (33k, Samjin, China, 2012) for \$ 7 mio to clients of Tufton Oceanic; sources report that sale included 6-8 months TC to Cargill. As a comparison, last week we had seen the 2009 Japanese built 'Clipper Kamoshio' fetching similar levels, whereas back in January, the also 2009 built 'Golbal Garland' gone for \$ 7.3 mio.

Logger 'Pacific Legend' (33k, Nanjing, China, 2010) was reported sold at \$ 6 mio most probably to Vietnamese buyers. As in the case of 'Betty's Beauty', again we are dealing with a transaction that had been put together some time ago and only came to light now.

Finally, 'Pacific Huron' (29k, Yangzhou, China, 2010) is reported to have achieved firm levels of \$ 6.2 mio.

Reported Recent S&P Activity						
Vessel Name	DWT	Built	Yard/Country	Price \$Mil.	Buyer	Comments
Great Navigator	176,303	2006	Universal/Japan	14	Undisclosed buyers	BWTS fitted/on subs
Great Challenger	176,279	2005	Universal/Japan	14	Undisclosed buyers	
SBI Bolero	81,210	2015	Hudong-Zhonghua/China	18.5	Greek buyers	
Medi Hong Kong	82,790	2006	Tsuneishi/Japan	9.25	Undisclosed buyers	
Coral Amber	78,072	2012	Shin Kurushima/Japan	mid 14	Undisclosed buyers	BWTS fitted/ SS passed
Betty's Beauty	76,863	2006	Sasebo/Japan	10	Undisclosed buyers	coal COA in place
Dubai Pride	74,401	2001	Daewoo/S.Korea	5.1	Chinese buyers	delivered in March
Ocean Pride	72,416	1997	Sasebo/Japan	4.4	Chinese buyers	DD dues in June
Evermerit	69,045	1995	Sumitoko HI/Japan	3.7	Undisclosed buyers	
Bari Bird	63,479	2017	Imabari/Japan	mid 24	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30.7/part shares-part cash deal/old sale
SBI Jaguar	63,514	2014	Chengxi/China	17	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
African Kingfisher	55,476	2009	Kawasaki/Japan	9.7	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 X 30/on subs bss ppt dely/BWTS & survey due
Nova Gorica	53,100	2008	Yangzhou Dayang/China	low 7	Greek buyers	C 4 x 35/ bank driven
Vigorous	52,498	2005	Tsuneishi/Japan	7	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Luzern	50,363	2002	Kawasaki/Japan	5.6	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30
Alexandros Theo	45,659	2000	Tsuneishi HI/Japan	3.9	Chinese buyers	C 4 x 30 / survey's due
Orient Alliance	33,755	2012	Samjin Shipbuilding/China	7.2	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 35/6-8mos TC to Cargill+management retained
Clipper Kamoshio	32,225	2009	Kanda Kawajiri/Japan	low 7	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30.5
Shah	36,490	2010	Hyundai Mipo/S.Korea	high 8	Undisclosed buyers	C 4 x 30/SS due in October
Pacific Huron	29,975	2010	Yangzhou Guoyo/China	low 6	Undisclosed buyers	C 3 x 30/ on subs
Martigny	20,035	2002	Inp HI/Japan	high 2	Undisclosed buyers	C 3 x 30